CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT APRIL 30, 2011

Prepared By: Scott Oney – Comptroller City of Granite City, Illinois

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Granite City, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Granite City, Illinois as of and for the year ended April 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Granite City, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Granite City, Illinois, as of April 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2011 on our consideration of the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 to 7), budgetary comparison information (pages 43 to 45) and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions (pages 47 to 48) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considered it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Granite City, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information had been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Hughes & Associates, CPA, P.C. November 23, 2011

Hughes + associatio, CPA, P.C.

This section of the City of Granite City's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2011. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Granite City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$36.1 million.
- The City's total net assets decreased by \$3.1 million during the current fiscal year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Granite City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$19.0 million.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$4.4 million or 19% of total general fund expenditures.
- In the City's business-type activities, expenses exceeded revenues and net assets decreased by \$0.3 million.
- The City continued work on the Pontoon Road overpass project.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) the basic financial statements, 3) required supplementary information, and 4) an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and other information helpful in understanding the finances of the City of Granite City.

The first two statements in the report are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Granite City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-like activities). The governmental activities include general government, public safety and public works. The business-type activities are comprised of the wastewater treatment plant fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report,

Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Types of funds include governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental fund statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The City of Granite City maintains eight individual governmental funds; three are considered to be major funds: the general fund, the motor fuel tax fund and the TIF (tax increment financing) fund. Information on major funds is presented separately; data from the other four funds is combined and included in "Other Governmental Funds". Governmental fund statements can be found on pages 10 and 12 of this report. Individual data for the "total non-major governmental funds" is provided in the form of combining statements on pages 49 and 50 of this report.

Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like businesses. For the City of Granite City, the wastewater treatment plant fund is the proprietary fund. The basic financial statements for this fund can be found on pages 14 to 16 of this report.

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, such as the police and firemen pension funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The basic fiduciary fund statements can be found on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

Over time, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At April 30, 2011, the City of Granite City's assets exceeded liabilities (net assets) by \$36.1 million.

	Net Assets		
			<u>Total</u>
	<u>Governmental</u>	Business-Type	<u>Primary</u>
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Government</u>
Beginning Net Assets (05/01/2010)	\$ 21,816,868	\$ 17,411,792	\$ 39,228,660
(Decrease)	(2,795,780)	(312,215)	(3,107,995)
Ending Net Assets (04/30/2011)	\$ 19,021,088	\$ 17,099,577	\$ 36,120,665

Approximately 99% of the City of Granite City's net assets reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt that is still outstanding. The City of Granite City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Granite City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Granite City's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Granite City's Net Assets

		Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	ype Activities	
		<u>2011</u>		<u> 2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		2010
Current and Other Assets	\$	26,926,912	\$	29,494,430	\$ 7,105,809	\$	6,971,343
Capital Assets		48,184,278		43,094,410	18,818,348		16,425,844
Total Assets		75,111,190		72,588,840	 25,924,157		23,397,187
Other Liabilities		20,248,880		17,194,123	1,247,142		1,515,411
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding		35,841,222		33,581,849	7,577,438		4,468,984
Total Liabilities	-	56,090,102		50,775,972	 8,824,580		5,984,395
Net Assets:			***************************************				
Investing in Capital Assets, Net							
of Related Debt		25,788,333		26,282,389	10,784,651		11,642,029
Restricted		6,818,391		7,308,867	-		_
Unrestricted		(13,585,636)		(11,774,388)	6,314,926		5,769,763
Total Net Assets	\$	19,021,088	\$	21,816,868	\$ 17,099,577	\$	17,411,792

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Granite City reported a negative balance in the governmental activities unrestricted net assets due to increased investment in capital assets and program costs in excess of revenues.

Changes in Net Assets

Governmental activities decreased the City of Granite City's net assets by \$2,795,780. Revenues in the governmental activities were \$31,314,567 with the largest amounts coming from property taxes, \$9,345,503, sales and use taxes, \$3,888,349 and home rule sales tax \$2,793,278. Total expenditures in the governmental activities were \$34,110,347; with the largest percentage being spent on public safety \$19,410,096. The business-type activities had a decrease in net assets of \$312,215. This represents expenditures over revenues in the wastewater treatment plant fund. Operating revenues decreased by \$1,357,522 to \$6,003,591 with operating expenses increasing by \$554,492 to \$6,176,075.

A breakdown of the governmental activities revenues is as follows:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Property Tax	\$ 9,345,503	\$ 8,710,453
Sales and Use Tax	3,888,349	4,335,988
Home Rule Sales Tax	2,793,278	2,718,820
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,122,440	2,567,178
Charges for Services	3,391,752	3,816,846
Replacement Tax	2,849,742	2,563,759
State Income Tax	2,269,048	2,552,397
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,754,422	6,623,459
Telecommunications Tax	851,239	887,406
Miscellaneous	563,739	436,828
Investment Earnings	138,081	258,008
Other State and Local Taxes	346,974	461,259
	\$ 31,314,567	\$ 35,932,401

The following is a breakdown of the governmental activities expenses:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
General Government	\$ 7,306,997	\$ 7,321,210
Public Safety	19,410,096	17,544,556
Public Works	5,748,302	13,478,117
Interest on Long-Term Debt	 1,644,952	1,265,586
	\$ 34,110,347	\$ 39,609,469

The transfers account for the in and out-flow of funding from one individual fund to another. These transfers represent the transfer of funding from the Wastewater Fund to the General Fund in order to cover its share of administrative overhead costs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Granite City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,921,992, a decrease of \$4,668,730 in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to the spending of funds borrowed by the City in the prior year and the current year of which \$3,100,304 was still available for expenditure at April 30, 2011. The City again spent a significant amount of money on the Pontoon Road overpass. These improvements are being reimbursed with monies from the State that is being deposited into the motor fuel tax fund. The City also expended significant expenditures for improvements to the fire and police station, the youth center and cinema. The downtown TIF bonds issue financed these expenditures.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Granite City. For the year ended April 30, 2011, the City's general fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$49,192. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the general fund was \$4,445,568, representing 19 percent of total general fund expenditures. This is less than the approximately 21 percent in the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund spent approximately \$23,000,262 in fiscal year 2011 under the budgetary basis of accounting. This amount was less than the City's budgeted expenses of approximately \$23,168,078. In addition, current year receipts were approximately \$23,175,504, which was over the budgeted amounts by \$206,936. This resulted in an influx of \$217,929 in the General Fund using the budgetary basis of accounting.

LONG-TERM DEBT

During the prior fiscal year, the City entered into a third loan with IEPA to fund manhole and sewer projects. The project was completed during the fiscal year and the new loan as of April 30, 2011, is \$1,387,646.

During the current fiscal year the City issued \$3,485,000 of Local Government Revenue Bonds, which are payable from the net revenues derived from the payments made pursuant to the Intergovernmental Agreements. The proceeds of the bond were used to finance acquisitions and construction of extensions, improvements, and additions to the system. At April 30, 2011, \$794,586 was still available for expenditure in the district.

During the current fiscal year, the City borrowed \$750,000 from Madison County Community Development to pay for infrastructure improvements of relocating high-pressure gas line and electric lines. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$676,940.

During the current fiscal year, the City borrowed \$153,097 through lease purchase transactions to finance the acquisition of police CPU and phone system upgrades and ticket writers from First Midwest Bank. The balance of the loan was \$122,847 at April 30, 2011.

During the current fiscal year, the City borrowed \$20,570 through lease purchase transactions to finance the acquisition of a fire department truck from the Bank of Edwardsville. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$20,570.

Also, during the current fiscal year the city borrowed \$134,635 through lease purchase transactions to finance the acquisition of five police vehicles from Ford Motor Credit. The balance of the loan was \$87,118 at April 30, 2011.

The City paid \$420,258 of principal on the sewer departments three IEPA loans during the year. The balance of the three loans was \$4,664,660 at April 30, 2011.

The City also paid down \$409,833 of principal on various smaller debt obligations. The balance in these obligations, including the current year additions, was \$1,690,236 at April 30, 2011.

The City's unfunded police and fire pension obligations increased \$3,150,677 during the year ended April 30, 2011.

In addition, the City's obligation for compensated employee absences increased \$11,628 in the sewer funds and increased \$176,854 in the general funds.

Additional information related to long-term debt can be located in Note 13 of the financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City of Granite City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2011 amounts to \$65,586,960 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets included land, buildings and system improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

	<u>Governmental</u>		Business-Type	<u>e</u>	Total Primary	
		<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>		Government	
Pontoon Road Overpass	\$	3,970,212	\$	- \$	3,970,212	
Police & Fire Building Renovations		23,217		-	23,217	
Vehicles		210,205		-	210,205	
Downtown Cinema		1,120,036		-	1,120,036	
Phone System		33,557		•	33,557	
Police Radio Equipment		153,097		-	153,097	
MSA Firehawk		51,546		-	51,546	
Compressor Package		36,979		-	36,979	
Mockingbird & Statford		290,700	-	-	290,700	
Cleveland Avenue		581,882	-	-	581,882	
Other Additions Under \$10,000		64,498	6,832	<u>!</u>	71,330	
North Granite Sewer System		-	153,342	?	153,342	
Nameoki Area Sewer System		_	304,550)	304,550	
Sewer Main 84 & 108 Rivers Edge		-	90,176	•	90,176	
Route 3 Sewer - Joy Avenue		-	43,086	•	43,086	
Water Water Treatment Plant Engineering		_	744,136	,	744,136	
Sewer System Upgrades		-	1,725,271		1,725,271	
Waterwater Treatment Plant Upgrades			127,280		127,280	
	\$	6,535,929	\$ 3,194,673		9,730,602	

Additional information related to capital assets can be located in Note 10 of the financial statements.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Granite City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Comptroller's Office, 2000 Edison Avenue, Granite City, IL 62040.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS APRIL 30, 2011

ACCENTO	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:	\$ 753,060	e 212.000	e 1.077.750
Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	\$ 753,060 1,232,664	\$ 313,698	\$ 1,066,758
Restricted Investments		1,451,336	2,684,000
	5,760,097	2,489,543	8,249,640
Investments Receivables (Net of Allowance	794,053	664,116	1,458,169
	10.050.127	2 227 77 6 4	20 205 001
for Uncollectibles)	18,058,137	2,227,764	20,285,901
Internal Advances to Other Funds	73,960	(73,960)	-
Prepaid Expenses and Deposits	254,941	33,312	288,253
Total Current Assets	26,926,912	7,105,809	34,032,721
Noncurrent Assets:			
General Real Estate Investment	1,415,666	-	1,415,666
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	46,768,612	18,818,348	65,586,960
Total Noncurrent Assets	48,184,278	18,818,348	67,002,626
Total Assets	75,111,190	25,924,157	101,035,347
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities;			
Accounts Payable	2,190,865	465,108	2,655,973
Accrued Workman's Compensation	2,260,885	· -	2,260,885
Accrued Vacation Leave	637,794	99,815	737,609
Accrued Interest Payable	452,909	33,342	486,251
Other Accrued Obligations	22,760	-	22,760
Deferred Gain on Sale	169,174	_	169,174
Deferred Real Estate Taxes	13,195,127	_	13,195,127
Bonds/Notes Payable - Current Portion (Net of Unamortized Costs)	1,319,366	648,877	1,968,243
Total Current Liabilities	20,248,880	1,247,142	21,496,022
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds/Notes Payable - Noncurrent Portion (Net of Unamortized Costs)	19,660,913	7,384,820	27,045,733
Accrued Sick Leave	2,391,322	192,618	2,583,940
Net Pension Obligation	13,788,987	-	13,788,987
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	35,841,222	7,577,438	43,418,660
Total Liabilities	56,090,102	8,824,580	64,914,682
A Verte La Caractera	20,030,02	0,027,000	31,21 1,000
NET ASSETS	05 700 000	10 001 45	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	25,788,333	10,784,651	36,572,984
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	3,045,078	-	3,045,078
Development Loans	295,743	-	295,743
Prepaid Expenses	254,941	-	254,941
Parks	23,595	м	23,595
Redevelopment	3,199,034	-	3,199,034
Unrestricted:	(13,585,636)	6,314,926	(7,270,710)
Total Net Assets	\$ 19,021,088	\$ 17,099,577	\$ 36,120,665

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

in Net Assets Total	\$ (4,743,521) (17,351,093) (2,102,167) (1,644,952) (25,841,733)	(375,295) (375,295) (26,217,028)	9,345,503 2,793,278 3,888,349 2,849,742 2,269,048 851,239 346,974 201,161 563,739 23,109,033
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets overnmental Business-Type Activities Activities Total	· · ·	(375,295) (375,295) (375,295)	63,080
Net (Expense) R Governmental Activities	\$ (4,743,521) (17,351,093) (2,102,167) (1,644,952) (25,841,733)	(25,841,733)	9,345,503 2,793,278 3,888,349 2,849,742 2,269,048 851,239 346,974 138,081 563,739 23,045,953
Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,754,422 1,754,422	\$ 1,754,422	
Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,225,465 536,999 1,359,976 - 3,122,440	\$ 3,122,440	eral Purposes 1 Transfers
<u>Charges</u> for Services	\$ 1,338,011 1,522,004 531,737 -	6,003,591 6,003,591 \$ 9,395,343	eneral Revenues: Property Tax, Levied for General Purposes Home Rule Sales Tax Sales and Use Tax Replacement Tax State Income Tax Telecommunications Tax Other State and Local Taxes Investment Earnings Miscellancous Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Assets
Expenses	\$ 7,306,997 19,410,096 5,748,302 1,644,952 34,110,347	6,378,886 6,378,886 \$40,489,233	General Revenues: Property Tax, Levied Home Rule Sales Tax Sales and Use Tax Replacement Tax State Income Tax Telecommunications Other State and Local Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total General Rever
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities: Wastewater Total Business-Type Activities	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

\$ 36,120,665

\$ 17,099,577

\$ 19,021,088

39,228,660

17,411,792

21,816,868

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

$\frac{\text{CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS}}{\text{BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}} \\ \frac{\text{APRIL 30, 2011}}{\text{CONTROL OF STATE OF STATE$

L D D D M T	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Motor</u> Fuel Tax Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	<u>Total</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cook Free Free Free Free Free Free Free Fre	e 122 566	ď	\$ 142,213	e 400 201	Φ 752.060
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Investments	\$ 122,566	\$ -		\$ 488,281	\$ 753,060
	567,060	*	5,760,097 657,946	7,658	5,760,097
Certificates of Deposit Investments	259,480	**	301,069	233,504	1,232,664 794,053
Receivables (Net of Allowances	239,400	-	301,009	233,304	794,033
for Uncollectibles):					
Property Taxes	4,783,904	_	8,411,223	_	13,195,127
Intergovernmental	2,756,774	334,189	361,524	37,955	3,490,442
Other	1,056,803	55 1,105	315,733	32	1,372,568
Due from Other Funds	3,821,807		2,760	10,484	3,835,051
Prepaid Expenses	254,941		2,700	10,101	254,941
Rental Real Estate Investment	20.,511	-	2,667,631	-	2,667,631
General Real Estate Investment	_	_	1,415,666	_	1,415,666
Total Assets	13,623,335	334,189	20,035,862	777,914	34,771,300
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	585,036	1,142,770	383,439	79,620	2,190,865
Accrued Employee Obligations	2,260,885	w	-	-	2,260,885
Due to Other Funds	-	1,106,620	2,208,865	445,606	3,761,091
Other Accrued Obligations	20,000	***	2,760		22,760
Deferred Gain on Sale	-	-	169,174	***	169,174
Deferred Revenue	6,033,310		8,411,223	_	14,444,533
Total Liabilities	8,899,231	2,249,390	11,175,461	525,226	22,849,308
Fund Balance: Reserved for: Redevelopment		484,015	2,715,019		2 100 024
Development Loans	-	404,013	295,743	-	3,199,034 295,743
Parks	23,595	_	293,143		23,595
Debt Service	23,377	_	3,045,078	_	3,045,078
Prepaid Expenses	254,941	_	3,043,070	-	254,941
Unreserved:	23 7,5 11				201,971
Undesignated	4,445,568	_	**	_	4,445,568
Designated for Redevelopment	., ,	_	2,804,561	_	2,804,561
Unreserved, Reported in:			_,,+		,,
Special Revenue Funds	-	(2,399,216)	-	273,642	(2,125,574)
Capital Projects Funds	-	**	-	(20,954)	(20,954)
Total Fund Balance	4,724,104	(1,915,201)	8,860,401	252,688	11,921,992
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 13,623,335	\$ 334,189	\$ 20,035,862	\$ 777,914	\$ 34,771,300

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental fund balances are different because:

Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$ 11,921,992
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	46,768,612
Rental Real Estate Investments are recorded as capital assets and depreciated and not maintained as investment real estate.	(2,667,631)
The amount of compensated absences is not recorded as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(3,029,116)
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, net of unamortized costs, notes payable, capital leases) is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(20,980,279)
Net pension obligations are not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(13,788,987)
Accrued interest payable on the long-term debt is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(452,909)
The governmental funds report deferred revenue when reported assets are not available to pay current liabilities. The statement of activities eliminates deferred revenue related to state and local sales taxes.	 1,249,406
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 19,021,088

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

Revenues:	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Motor</u> <u>Fuel Tax</u> <u>Fund</u>	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Property Taxes	\$ 5,314,155	\$ -	\$ 4,031,348	\$ -	\$ 9,345,503
Intergovernmental:	a 3,314,133	Ψ –	Φ Ψ,031,340	ъ –	Ψ 2,5 4 5,505
Home Rule Sales Tax	2,805,939		_	_	2,805,939
Sales and Use Tax	3,735,022	_	137,031	_	3,872,053
Replacement Tax	2,849,742	_	.57,00.	_	2,849,742
State Income Tax	2,712,934	No.	_	**	2,712,934
Motor Fuel Tax		927,789		_	927,789
Telecommunications Tax	857,003	_	_		857,003
Grants	1,161,187	1,754,422	_	863,815	3,779,424
Other	164,645	-	•••	, · -	164,645
Other Local Taxes	346,974	-	~	-	346,974
Licenses and Permits	660,447	••	_	**	660,447
Charges for Services	1,945,741	-		388,413	2,334,154
Fines and Forfeits	372,939	-	•	24,212	397,151
Investment Earnings	75,835	<u>.</u>	61,519	727	138,081
Miscellaneous	264,546		294,993	4,200	563,739
Total Revenues	23,267,109	2,682,211	4,524,891	1,281,367	31,755,578
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	4,421,012	-	2,079,412	482,914	6,983,338
Public Safety	14,073,722	-	**	93,654	14,167,376
Public Works	4,664,744	562,878	-	459,463	5,687,085
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	765,000	382,573	1,147,573
Interest	-	=	1,524,009	59,162	1,583,171
Capital Outlay		4,783,920	2,821,845		7,605,765
Total Expenditures	23,159,478	5,346,798	7,190,266	1,477,766	37,174,308
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	107,631	(2,664,587)	(2,665,375)	(196,399)	(5,418,730)
o vo. z.npenana, es	101,002	(2,001,007)	(2,000,010)	(170,377)	(3,410,730)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds From Borrowings	-	~	750,000	-	750,000
Operating Transfers In (Out)	(156,823)	_	(138,183)	295,006	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(156,823)	<u>-</u>	611,817	295,006	750,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(49,192)	(2,664,587)	(2,053,558)	98,607	(4,668,730)
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,773,296	749,386	10,913,959	154,081	16,590,722
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,724,104	\$ (1,915,201)	\$ 8,860,401	\$ 252,688	\$ 11,921,992

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(4,668,730)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets for which funds were expended this year.		6,535,928
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(803,876)
The amount of compensated absences is not recorded as expense in the fund financial statements. In the statement of activities, these amounts are included and recorded currently in the various functional expense categories. This amount is the difference between beginning and ending compensated absences balance that has been included in the statement of activities.		(15/051)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.		(176,854) 5,182
Interest accrued but not paid is not recorded as an expense until paid. This is the change in accrued interest payable between years.		22,308
Net pension obligations are reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, net pension obligations are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in the net pension obligation between years.		(3,150,677)
Capital assets disposed of during the year are reported on the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but their disposal does not required the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the cost of the item disposed of is not reported in the governmental funds.		(118,050)
The governmental funds report deferred revenue when reported assets are not available to pay current liabilities. The statement of activities eliminates deferred revenue related to state and local sales taxes. This is the difference of deferred revenue for the sales and use tax from the beginning and end of the year.		
	\.	(441,011)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	_\$	(2,795,780)

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES APRIL 30, 2011

	Business Type Activities
	Enterprise Funds
	Waterwater
	ASSETS
Current Assets:	¢ 212.600
Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	\$ 313,698 1,451,336
Restricted Investments	2,489,543
Investments	664,116
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance	
for Uncollectibles)	2,140,940
Grant Receivable	79,508
Interest Receivable	7,316
Prepaid Expenses	33,312
Total Current Assets	7,179,769
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Construction in Process	3,338,000
Building and Improvements	1,728,589
Treatment Facility and Lines Equipment	33,789,462
Vehicles	1,769,922 1,260,071
Total	41,886,044
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(23,067,696)
Net Capital Assets	18,818,348
Total Assets	25,998,117
L	IABILITIES
Current Liabilities;	
Accounts Payable	465,108
Accrued Vacation Leave	99,815
Due to Other Funds	73,960
Accrued Interest Bonds/Notes Payable - Current Portion	33,342
Total Current Liabilities	648,877
Total Current Liabinities	1,321,102
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Accrued Sick Leave	192,618
Bonds/Notes Payable - Non Current Portion	7,384,820
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,577,438
Total Liabilities	8,898,540
N	ET ASSETS
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of	
Related Debt	10,784,651
Unrestricted	6,314,926
Total Net Assets	\$ 17,099,577

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

	Business Type Activities	
	Enterprise Fund Waterwater	
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 6,003,591	
Total Operating Revenues	6,003,591	
Operating Expenses:		
Personal Services	2,738,548	
Industrial Pretreatment	90,274	
Billings and Collection	109,657	
Sewer Collection	623,594	
Solids Handling	695,261	
BOD Treatment	310,314	
Primary Treatment	39,224	
General and Administration	201,330	
Dry Weather Pumping	266,959	
Wet Weather Pumping	179,571	
Other	119,174	
Depreciation	802,169	
Total Operating Expenses	6,176,075	
Operating (Loss)	(172,484)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment Earnings	63,080	
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(202,811)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(139,731)	
Change in Net Assets	(312,215)	
Net Assets - Beginning	17,411,792	
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 17,099,577	

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

	Business Type Activities
	Enterprise Fund Waterwater
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	0 (052,060
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 6,253,868
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(3,064,320)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(2,726,920)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	462,628
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Grant Revenue Received	836,311
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital Financing Activities	836,311
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(3,283,570)
Proceeds From Borrowings	3,693,683
Principal Paid on Borrowings	(446,577)
Interest Paid on Borrowings	(201,193)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(237,657)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	004.004
Proceeds From Sale of Investments Purchase of Investments	994,224
	(2,926,563)
Investment Earnings	62,622
Net Cash (Used) By Investing Activities	(1,869,717)
Net Decrease In Cash and Equivalents	(808,435)
Cash and Equivalents - Beginning	1,122,133
Cash and Equivalents - Ending	\$ 313,698
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating Income	\$ (172,484)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities:	802,169
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	47,353
Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	32,272
(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(258,310)
Increase in Other Liabilities	11,628
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 462,628

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2011

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,291,761
Investments and Certificates of Deposit	29,461,912
Receivables:	
Property Taxes	827,367
Accrued Interest	122,765_
Total Assets	32,703,805
LIABILIT	IES
Liabilities	_
Total Liabilities	-
NET ASSE	ETS
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 32,703,805

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS APRIL 30, 2011

Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employee Contributions	\$	682,550
Employer Contributions:		
Property Taxes		820,844
Replacement Taxes		1,132,529
Total Contributions		2,635,923
Investment Income:		
Interest and Dividends		583,650
Net Realized/Unrealized Gain on Investments		2,708,108
		3,291,758
Less: Investment Expense		(125,246)
Net Investment Income		3,166,512
Total Additions	<u></u>	5,802,435
Deductions:		
Benefit Payments		4,509,753
Contractual Services		57,088
Total Deductions	***************************************	4,566,841
Change in Net Assets		1,235,594
Net Assets - Beginning		31,468,211
Net Assets - Ending	\$	32,703,805

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Granite City, Illinois (the City) was incorporated March 9, 1896 under the provisions of "an act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages". The City is a Home Rule Unit under the provision of Article 7 of the Illinois Constitution of 1970. The City operates under the aldermanic-city form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public improvements, planning and zoning, wastewater treatment and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City of Granite City (government) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City has no component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized, when applicable, as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund accounts for the taxes and reimbursements received and amounts paid related to motor fuel tax expenses.

The Tax Increment Financing Fund accounts for incremental taxes and other revenues as well as all expenses related to improvements and promotional costs related to the tax increment financing areas.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Treatment Plant and Sewer Systems Enterprise Funds account for all activities related to the billing, administration, and distribution and collection processes of the wastewater treatment plant. The City operates the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the police and firemens' pension funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are reimbursements between funds for direct costs applicable to the other fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contribution, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap on fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Short-term cash surpluses are generally maintained in sweep accounts in the individual funds.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest in obligations of the United States of America, insured interest bearing accounts of banks, savings and loan association or credit unions, certain short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States, money market mutual funds that invest in obligations of the United State of America or its agencies or are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Illinois Funds and repurchase agreements of government securities. The Pension Trust Funds are also allowed to invest limited percentages of their monies in mutual funds and equity securities.

Fixed-income securities are recorded in all funds at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains or losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal advances to other funds."

The primary purpose of these interfund receivables and payables is to provide temporary loans for cash flow needs; all amounts are expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

All intergovernmental and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. All accounts receivable related to the enterprise fund are shown at net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on management's estimate of collectability.

Unbilled sewer utility receivables related to the business-type activities are recorded at year-end. They are determined by taking cycle billings subsequent to April 30 and prorating the applicable number of days to the current fiscal year.

The City levied its property taxes in December 2010, based upon the expected assessed valuation as of the January 1, 2011. Property taxes are due in four installments in the following year, and are considered delinquent after the due dates. Property taxes for 2010 become an enforceable lien in January 2011. The County has not mailed tax bills as of April 30, 2011 and past mailing practices of the County have generally been subsequent to April 30 of each year. The City receives significant distributions of tax receipts beginning in late June or early July of each year.

At fiscal year-end, the receivables represent 2010 taxes to be collected between June and January 2012. Taxes collected during the current year were from the 2009 tax levy.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Investment in Real Estate

Through the use of tax increment financing, the City has purchased several parcels of land to be held for resale to developers or individuals in an effort to create future economic growth within the tax increment financing areas of the City.

In addition, the City has certain parcels of improved and unimproved real estate, which are rented to businesses within the tax increment financing areas.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental-type or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost and estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 75
Treatment Facility	20 - 50
Equipment	5 - 18
Vehicles	5 - 10

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Amortization

Bond issuance cost are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bond.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of the various City ordinances and negotiated contracts, City employees are granted vacation based on continuous employment service. Employee vacations vest as of their anniversary date. Employees are entitled to sick leave based on completed months of service. The City's policies and negotiated contract provisions regarding sick leave permit employees to accumulate a maximum accumulation of sick leave, usually ninety days. The City cancels accumulated sick leave on the date of employee termination except in the case of qualified retirement or employee death wherein 50% of the accumulated sick leave is paid.

At April 30, 2011, the City estimated that the accumulated liability for unused vacation and sick leave for governmental fund employees totaled \$637,794 and \$2,391,322, respectively. Amounts reflected in the financial statements at April 30, 2011 for enterprise fund employees related to unused vacation and sick leave benefits totaled \$99,815 and \$192,618, respectively.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources and then unrestricted resources as expenses are incurred.

The following are descriptions and amounts of all reserves and designations recorded by the City in the fund financial statements:

Governmental Funds

Restricted for Debt Service Restricted for Development Loans Restricted for Papariel Francisco	\$ 3,045,078 295,743
Restricted for Prepaid Expenses Restricted for Redevelopment Restricted for Parks	254,941 3,199,034 23,595

Fiduciary Funds

Reserved for Employees' Pension Benefits \$ 32,703,805

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

F. Advertising

Advertising costs of the City are expensed as incurred.

NOTE 2. BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Each year the City Comptroller submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budgets are legally enacted by ordinance after public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Annual budgets for Special Revenue Funds are not formally adopted by ordinance at the beginning of the fiscal year, but are approved throughout the fiscal year by formal resolution of the City Council or by City Council approval for the payment of expenditures. Operations in these funds are controlled by project budgets.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to July 31, the City Comptroller submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund for the Fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to August 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The City Comptroller is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within
 any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved
 by the City Council.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Projects Fund. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the Debt Service Fund because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- Budgets for all funds are adopted on the cash basis. For financial statement presentation, budgeted amounts are also presented on the cash basis.

The major differences between the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when they are measurable and available (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded when paid or when a liability has been incurred which has been budgeted to be paid with expendable financial resources (budgetary), as opposed to when the obligation is incurred (GAAP).

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

General Government and Business-Like Activities

At April 30, 2011, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$3,750,758 and the bank balance was \$4,045,524. The deposits were comprised of checking, interest checking, savings, money market and certificates of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the City's name. As of April 30, 2011, all of the deposits of the City were covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized by the financial institution.

As of April 30, 2011 the City had the following investments:

	Weighted Average		
<u>Investment</u>	Maturity (Years)	Cost	Fair Value
The Illinois Funds (external investment pool)	-	\$ 629,219	\$ 629,219
Federal National Mortgage Association	4.75	300,000	300,000
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	7.38	555,416	555,416
Federal Home Loan Bank	8.81	3,625,350	3,625,350
Repurchase Agreements	-	230,000	230,000
UMB Money Market	-	4,367,824	4,367,824
Total Investments		\$ 9,707,809	9,707,809
Deposits as Reported Above			3,750,758
Total Deposits and Investments			\$13,458,567
As Reported in the Statement of Net Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$ 1,066,758
Certificates of Deposit			2,684,000
Restricted Investments			8,249,640
Investments			1,458,169
			\$13,458,567

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the credit rating of the City's investment was as follows:

Investment	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Investors Service Rating
The Illinois Funds (external investment pool)	AAAm	******
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	AAA	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Aaa

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the City's investments are concentrated as follows:

The Illinois Funds (external investment pool)	6.48%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	5.72%
Federal Home Loan Bank	37.34%
UMB Money Market	44.99%

Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the City did not have foreign currency risk.

Fire Pension Fund

At April 30, 2011, the carrying amount of the Fire Pension Fund's deposits was \$575,558 and the bank balance was \$586,499. The deposits were comprised of interest checking, money market and certificates of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Fire Pension's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fire Pension requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Fire Pension Fund's name.

As of April 30, 2011, the City's Fire Pension Fund had the following investments:

	Weighted Average		
<u>Investment</u>	Maturity (Years)	Cost	Fair Value
Federal Home Loan Bank	4.55	\$ 1,711,236	\$ 1,746,603
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	5.65	594,070	602,877
Federal National Mortgage Association	6.18	902,018	902,014
Federal National Mortgage Association REMIC	5.76	7,170	7,509
Governmental National Mortgage Association	17,37	1,280,220	1,346,050
U.S. V.A. REMIC	17.51	84,084	88,042
U.S. Treasury Notes	5.06	1,329,350	1,364,626
Federal Farm Credit Bank	5.33	598,009	605,276
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	5.04	252,085	265,648
Corporate Bonds	5.46	668,448	678,117
Fixed Income Funds		305,080	308,480
Money Market Mutual Funds	wo	686,390	686,390
Common Stock	HP-VIII	4,751,494	6,303,574
Mutual Funds	ww.	929,918	1,280,633
Total Investments		\$ 14,099,572	16,185,839
Deposits as Reported Above			575,558
Total Deposits and Investments			\$ 16,761,397
As Reported in the Combining Statement of Fiduciar	y Net Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$ 1,261,948
Investments and Certificates of Deposit			15,499,449
·			\$ 16,761,397

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Fire Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the Fire Pension Fund's investments credit ratings were as follows:

<u>Investment</u>	Poor's Rating	Service Rating
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AAA	Not Available
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	Aaa
Federal National Mortgage Association REMIC	Not Available	Not Available
Government National Mortgage Association	Not Available	Not Available
U.S.V.A. REMIC	Not Available	Not Available
U.S. Treasury Notes	AAA	Not Available
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AAA	Aaa
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	AAA	Not Available
Corporate Bonds	Not Available	Not Available

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the Fire Pension Fund's investments are concentrated as follows:

Government National Mortage Association	8.03%
Federal Home Loan Bank	10.41%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	3.61%
Federal National Mortgage Association	5.38%
U.S. V.A. REMIC	0.52%
U.S. Treasury Notes	8.14%
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	1.58%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	3.60%
Corporate Bonds	4.05%

Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the Fire Pension Fund did not have foreign currency risk.

Police Pension Fund

At April 30, 2011, the carrying amount of the Police Pension Fund's deposits was \$1,089,362 and the bank balance was \$1,091,895. The deposits were comprised of interest checking, money market and certificates of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Police Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Police Pension Fund requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Police Pension Fund's name.

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

As of April 30, 2011, the Police Pension Fund had the following investments:

	Weighted Average			
Investment	Maturity (Years)	Cost	F	air Value
U.S. Treasury Inflation Index Note	2.33	\$ 308,227	\$	348,791
U.S. Treasury Strip	2.80	243,311		364,922
U.S. Treasury Bond	5.05	726,503		1,003,875
U.S. Treasury Note	0.63	201,592		201,188
Federal National Mortgage Association	11.19	265,820		288,949
Federal Home Loan Bank	7.28	1,212,307		1,374,469
Federal Farm Credit Bank	5.00	266,575		288,894
Government National Mortgage Association	20.12	1,656,053		1,770,453
Tennessee Valley Authority	1.88	561,952		579,643
Illinois ST	2.00	306,558		304,956
Naperville IL Munie Bond	4.59	299,523		305,541
Schwab US Treasury Money Market		346,245		346,245
Mutual Funds		4,515,923		6,724,988
Total Investments		\$ 10,910,589	1	3,902,914
Deposits as Reported Above				1,089,362
Total Deposits and Investments			\$ 1	4,992,276
As Reported in the Combining Statement of Fiduciary	Net Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	1,029,813
Investments			1	3,962,463
			\$ 1	4,992,276

Interest Rate Risk

The Police Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the Police Pension Fund's investments credit ratings were as follows:

Investment	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Investors Service Rating
Naperville IL Muni Bond	AAA	Aaa
Illinois ST	A+	A1
Tennesse Valley Authority	AAA	Aaa
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA/A	Aaa/Aa2
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Aaa
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AAA	Aaa
Governmental National Mortgage Association	Not Available	Not Available

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the Police Pension Fund's investments are concentrated as follows:

Investment	<u>Percentage</u>
Government National Mortgage Association	11.81%
U.S. Treasury Strips	2.43%
Federal Home Loan Bank	9.17%
U.S. Treasury Bonds	6.70%
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.67%
Federal National Mortgage Association	1.93%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.93%
Tennessee Valley Authority	3.87%
Naperville IL Muni Bond	2.04%

Foreign Currency Risk

As of April 30, 2011, the Police Pension Fund did not have foreign currency risk.

NOTE 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City began a self-insured workers' compensation program in 2001 by which the City pays claims from general revenues up to a certain amount at which point the City carries excess coverage. The liability for claims experienced as of April 30, 2011 that are to be paid in the subsequent year is \$2,260,885 and is included in accrued employee obligations.

Changes in the funds' claims liability amount during the fiscal year were as follows:

Liability ending balance	\$ 2,260,885
Claim payments	(236,670)
Claims and changes in estimates	1,066,962
Liability beginning balance	\$ 1,430,593

The City is also exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage's in the past three years.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of April 30, 2011 for the City, as reported in the statement of net assets, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Receivables:	
Sewer User Fees	\$ 2,441,666
Ambulance Fees	2,073,926
Real Estate Taxes	13,195,127
Intergovernmental	3,490,442
Other	500,221
Total Receivables	21,701,382
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(1,415,481)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 20,285,901

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Real estate taxes of \$13,195,127 were not available for collection and payment of current liabilities at April 30, 2011 and are reported as deferred revenues. The governmental financial statements reported an additional \$1,249,406 of intergovernmental revenue as deferred income at April 30, 2011.

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS

1. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's employer plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy

As set by statue, the City's employer regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer rate for calendar year 2010 used by the employer was 8.61 percent of annual covered payroll. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2010 was 11.16 percent. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost

For calendar year ending December 31, 2010, the City's actual contributions for pension cost for the Regular were \$505,947. Its required contribution for calendar year 2010 was \$655,792.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

		Annual	Percentage of		
Fiscal Year	Pe	nsion Cost	APC	Net Pension	
Ending		(APC)	Contributed	Obligation	
12/31/2010	\$	655,792	77%	\$ -	-
12/31/2009		443,218	100%	-	-
12/31/2008		491,977	100%	-	_

The required contribution for 2010 was determined as part of the December 31, 2008, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions as December 31, 2008, included (a) 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increase ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of your employer Regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The City's regular plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2008 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 76.49 percent funded. The actuarial liability for benefits was \$17,917,444 and the actuarial value of assets was \$13,704,390, resulting in an underfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$4,213,054. The covered payroll for calendar year 2010 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,876,269 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 72 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

2. Police and Firemen Pension

a. Plan Description and Contributions Information

The Police Pension Plan covers police sworn personnel, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the Police Pension Plan for the year ended April 30, 2011 was \$3,749,276 out of a total payroll of \$14,568,623.

At April 30, 2011, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving	
benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	58
Current employees:	
Vested	38
Nonvested	22
Total	118

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Police officers hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The monthly pension shall be increased by one-twelfth of 2.5% of such salary for each additional month of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit.

Police officers hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years of credible service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for year of service. A police officer who is retiring after attaining age 50 with 10 or more years of creditable service shall be reduced by $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% for each month that the employee's age is under age 55. The annual salary based on the plan year for the police officer shall not exceed \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter.

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The monthly pension of a police officer hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% annually thereafter.

The monthly pension of a police officer hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2033, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is fully funded.

Fire-sworn the Firemen's Pension Plan covers personnel, which is defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40, Act 5, Article 4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature

The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the Firemen's Pension Plan for the year ended April 30, 2011 was \$3,758,104 out of total payroll of \$14,568,623.

At April 30, 2011, the Firemen's Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to	
benefits but not yet receiving them	64
Current Employees:	
Vested	24
Nonvested	32
Total	120

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statues:

The Firemen's Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Firefighters hired before January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased by one-twelfth of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit.

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Firefighters hired on or after January 1, 2011, attaining the age of 55 with at least 10 years of credible service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for year of service. A firefighter who is retiring after attaining age 50 with 10 or more years of creditable service shall be reduced by ½ of 1% for each month that the firefighter's age is under age 55. The annual salary based on the plan year for the firefighter shall not exceed \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter.

The monthly pension of a firefighter hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% annually thereafter.

The monthly pension of a firefighter hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firemen's Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts (not less than 8.045%) necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2033, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firemen's Pension Plan is fully funded.

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments

Fixed-income and equity securities are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

c. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the current year were as follows:

	Police	Firemen's
	Pension	Pension
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 2,038,189	\$ 2,281,715
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	3 68,277	376,405
Annual Pension Cost	2,406,466	2,658,120
Contributions Made	912,986	1,000,923
Increase in Net Pension Obligation	1,493,480	1,657,197
Net Pension Obligation Beginning of Year	5,261,096	5,377,214
Net Pension Obligation End of Year	\$ 6,754,576	\$ 7,034,411

NOTE 6. RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the April 30, 2010 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 5.5% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using market values. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at April 30, 2010 was, 24.639 years.

Three-Year Trend Information

	Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net
	Year	Pension	Of APC	Pension
	Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
Police Pension	04/30/11	\$ 2,406,466	35.63%	\$ 6,754,576
	04/30/10	2,167,374	41.20%	5,261,096
	04/30/09	1,794,658	48.29%	3,716,105
Fire Pension	04/30/11	2,658,120	37.79%	7,034,411
	04/30/10	2,508,706	46.65%	5,377,214
	04/30/09	2,095,326	56.58%	3,703,433

d. Concentration

The City has a concentration of 5% or more investments in the following organizations:

Police Pension:

Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 1,374,469
U.S. Treasury Bonds	1,003,875
Government National Mortgage Association	1,770,453
Fire Pension:	
Federal National Mortgage Association	902,014
Government National Mortgage Association	1,346,050
Federal Home Loan Bank	1,746,603
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,364,626

e. Legally Required Reserves

The City has the following legally required reserves:

Police Pension	\$ 15,372,903
Firemen Pension	17.330.902

NOTE 7. WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT ENTERPRISE FUND

Regionalizaton of Wastewater Treatment Plant

Pursuant to an intergovernmental cooperation agreement originally agreed to in April 1984 between the City; the Metro East Sanitary District; Madison County, Illinois; and the Village of Glen Carbon, Illinois, the Wastewater Treatment Plant began to accept and treat wastewater from the Lansdown Service Area of the Metro East Sanitary District, Madison County Special Service Area No. 1, and from the Village of Glen Carbon, Illinois. The participants have agreed to purchase wastewater treatment services from the City at rates and charges established by the Granite City Regional Treatment Board. The rates and charges are intended to allocate the cost of services provided to each participant based on percentage of flow and wastewater content, which will reduce the City's operation cost burden. Total revenue earned by the Wastewater Treatment Plant Enterprise Fund from the three regional participants for the year ended April 30, 2011 was \$2,260,808.

NOTE 8. TRANSFERS

Transfers are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

NOTE 9. TAX INCREMENT FINANCING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

On July 1, 1986, the City adopted and approved a Tax Increment Redevelopment Plan and Project and ordinances adopting Tax Increment Financing, aimed at financing, through incremental property and sales taxes, the public improvements of a plan to revitalize and develop a designated Redevelopment Project area in the City's Downtown Central Business District. On September 23, 1997, the City adopted and approved an Industrial Park Conservation Area Redevelopment Plan that also will use Tax Increment Financing to develop the project area along Route 3 as an industrial park. Four additional TIF Districts have also been formed that allows the incremental taxes to be returned to the business that generates the increment as a reimbursement for capital outlay until expiration of the TIF or a predetermined minimum dollar amount is reimbursed by the City.

In May of 2005, the Nameoki Village Tax Increment Financing District of the City issued a TIF Revenue Note, Series 2005 for \$700,000 and two Consumer Tax Revenue Notes, Series 2005 (Phase 1 for \$1,400,000 and Phase 2 for \$3,400,000). These notes were issued for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of redevelopment projects in the Nameoki TIF and Business Districts. A portion, \$1,280,000, of the Consumer Tax Revenue Notes was retired by \$1,635,000 in Special Business District Sales Tax Revenue Bonds issued by the Southwestern Illinois Development Authority.

The TIF Revenue Note, Consumer Tax Revenue Notes and the Special Business District Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are payable solely from the incremental taxes or from other taxes generated by the development and are not an obligation of the City.

NOTE 10. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities			25001000	25 043 04113 0
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,211,264	\$ ~	\$ (118,051)	\$ 9,093,213
Construction in Process	24,050,199	5,986,047	(9,244,726)	20,791,520
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	33,261,463	5,986,047	(9,362,777)	29,884,733
,				
Capital Assets, being Depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	8,129,307	9,252,421	⊶	17,381,728
Equipment	6,140,508	331,982	(764,067)	5,708,423
Vehicles	4,608,120	210,205	(216,819)	4,601,506
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	18,877,935	9,794,608	(980,886)	27,691,657
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	3,088,422	292,302	hel	3,380,724
Equipment	4,025,568	334,671	(764,067)	3,596,172
Vehicles	3,870,798	176,903	(216,819)	3,830,882
Total Accumulated Depreciation	10,984,788	803,876	(980,886)	10,807,778
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	7,893,147	8,990,732	-	16,883,879
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$41,154,610	\$14,976,779	\$(9,362,777)	\$ 46,768,612
D. C. D. A. C. W.				
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets: Construction in Process	D 2460777	e 1225200	d (466.067)	Ф 2.228.000
Buildings	\$ 2,468,777	\$ 1,335,290	\$ (466,067)	\$ 3,338,000
Treatment Facility	1,728,589	2 210 710	-	1,728,589
Equipment	31,470,844	2,318,618	(103 107)	33,789,462
Vehicles	1,866,277	6,832	(103,187)	1,769,922
Total Capital Assets	1,260,071	2.660.740	(5(0,054)	1,260,071
Total Capital Assets	38,794,558	3,660,740	(569,254)	41,886,044
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,647,812	8,099	_	1,655,911
Treatment Facility	18,103,438	663,919	_	18,767,357
Equipment	1,488,109	92,419	(103,187)	1,477,341
Vehicles	1,129,355	37,732	·	1,167,087
Total Accumulated Depreciation	22,368,714	802,169	(103,187)	23,067,696
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 16,425,844	\$ 2,858,571	\$ (466,067)	\$ 18,818,348

NOTE 10. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charge to the various functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 257,252
Public Safety	447,984
Public Works	98,640
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 803,876
Business-Type Activities:	
Wastewater Treatment Plant	\$ 648,521
Sewer System Fund	153,648
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 802,169
Sewer System Fund	153,648

NOTE 11, COMMITMENTS

A commitment under a lease agreement for the wastewater treatment plant provides for minimum annual rental payments as follows:

<u>Year</u> Ending April 30,	-	<u>Land</u> cilities
2012 2013	\$	5,525 4,150
Total	\$	9,675

NOTE 12. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended April 30, 2007, the City issued two Industrial Project Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. The bonds for the two projects are \$1,800,000 and \$2,650,000 respectively. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entities served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

During the year ended April 30, 2006, the City issued \$1,000,000 of Industrial Project Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to a private-sector entity for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, these bonds are also not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 13. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City was awarded a \$3,558,682 loan in July 1990 through the State of Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. This loan financed a program of rehabilitation of Nameoki Area Sewers by means of cured-in-place linings inserted into sewer lines which were identified as being routinely below the water table and susceptible to infiltration and collapse. Payments are due semiannually on February I and August I through February 2012, including interest at 3.745%. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$248,300.

The City was awarded a second loan of \$3,938,240 through the State of Illinois Environment Protection Agency Bureau of Water in August 2003. This loan financed the upgrade of the City's Regional Wastewater Treatment Facilities. Payments are due semiannually on January 27 and July 27 through January 2025, including interest at 2.50%. As of April 30, 2011, the balance outstanding on the loan was \$3,028,714.

The City was awarded a third loan of \$1,660,939 through the State of Illinois Environment Protection Agency Bureau of Water in October 2008. This loan financed manhole and sewer projects. Payments are due semiannually on March 1 and September 1 through September 2029, including interest at 2.50%. As of April 30, 2011, the balance outstanding on the loan was \$1,387,646.

The City entered into a loan with the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) to construct rail track in the new industrial park in May 1999. The loan of \$725,914 is to be repaid by twenty annual installments through May 24, 2019. The annual installments, including interest at 3.00%, are \$48,793. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$379,907.

The City entered into a loan with Ford Motor Credit to purchase a two police vehicles in October 2008. The loan of \$55,077 is to be repaid in three annual installments through October 2010. The annual installments, including interest at 7.05%, are \$19,491. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$-0-.

The City entered into a loan with Ford Motor Credit to purchase two police vehicles January 2009. The loan of \$53,459 is to be repaid in three annual installments through January 2011. The annual installments, including interest at 7.05%, are \$19,046. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$-0-.

The City entered into a loan with Ford Motor Credit to purchase five police vehicles October 2010. The loan of \$134,635 is to be repaid in three annual installments through October 2012. The annual installments, including interest at 6.0%, are \$47,517. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$87,118.

The City entered into a loan with Madison County Community Development to purchase fire truck in December 2008. The loan of \$297,007 is to be repaid in five annual installments through December 2013. The annual installments, including interest at 3.00%, are \$64,853. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$183,443.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Marquette Bank – Government Capital Corp to purchase a law enforcement computer system in June 2008. The loan of \$297,204 is to be repaid in five annual installments through July 2012. The annual installments, including interest at 5.0%, are \$65,372. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$121,561.

The City entered into a lease purchase with Caterpillar Financial to purchase a paver, trailer and drum compactor for the Public Works Department in June 2006. The loan of \$318,208 is to be repaid in seven annual installments through June 2012. The annual installments, including interest at 5.385%, are \$52,914. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$97,850.

The City entered into a loan with Kansas State Bank to purchase a Mack truck in November 2009. The loan of \$85,095 is to be repaid in three annual installments through November 2011, with the first installment due at signing. The annual installments, including interest at 4.00%, are \$29,484. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$29,019.

NOTE 13. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement with the Bank of Edwardsville for a fire department truck in July 2010. The agreement was for \$20,570 and is to be repaid in four installments of \$5,739 plus interest at 4.87%. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$20,570.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement with the First Midwest Bank for the purchase of police CPU and phone system upgrades and ticket writers in October 2010. The agreement was for \$153,097 and is to be repaid in five installments of \$34,359 plus interest at 4.65%. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$122.847.

The City entered into a loan with Madison County Community Development to finance infrastructure improvements of relocating high-pressure gas line and electric lines in May 2010. The loan of \$750,000 is to be repaid in twenty-eight quarterly installments through May 2017. The quarterly installments, including interest at 3.0%, are \$29,797. The balance of the loan at April 30, 2011 is \$676,940.

The City issued Local Government Program Revenue Bonds in September 2008. The bonds, totaling \$9,780,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Downtown Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 1). The bonds bear interest of between 4.5% and 7.0% and mature in varying amounts from 2009 to 2022. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Downtown Tax Increment Financing District including renovations of the police and fire department, improvements to the youth center and YMCA and construction of a movie theater. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2011 is \$9,000,000.

The City issued Southwestern Illinois Development Authority Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 (City of Granite City Project) in May 2009. The bonds, totaling \$3,640,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 3 Corridor Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 4). The bonds bear interest of 8.00% and mature in varying amounts from 2009 to 2019. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 3 Corridor Industrial Park Conservation Area including construction of commercial and retail development including a Lowe's Home Improvement store along with eight outlots. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2011 is \$3,125,000.

The City issued Southwestern Illinois Development Authority Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009-B (City of Granite City Project) in December 2009. The bonds, totaling \$3,805,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 3 Corridor Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 4). The bonds bear interest of 7.75% and mature in varying amounts from 2010 to 2022. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 3 Corridor Industrial Park Conservation Area including construction of water and sewer improvements, the construction of street improvements and related costs. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2011 is \$3,805,000.

The City issued Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2009-A in December 2009. The bonds, totaling \$4,210,000 are payable from the incremental taxes of the Route 203 Tax Increment Financing District (TIF 7). The bonds bear interest of 7.75% and mature in varying amounts from 2010 to 2022. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance redevelopment projects in the Route 203 Redevelopment Project Area including construction of street improvements and related costs. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2011 is \$4,210,000.

The City issued Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 in November 2010. The bonds, totaling \$3,485,000 are payable from the net revenues derived from the payments made pursuant to the Intergovernmental Agreements by the parties to the Intergovernmental Agreements. The bonds bear interest of between 2.0% and 4.2% and mature in varying amounts from 2011 to 2029. The proceeds of the bond are to be used to finance the acquisition and construction of extensions, improvements, and additions to the system, including but not limited to the construction of improvements to the wastewater treatment plant. The balance of the bonds at April 30, 2011 is \$3,485,000.

NOTE 13. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to retire the notes payable as of April 30, 2011 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal</u>					
Year Ended	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		
April 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2012	\$ 1,319,366	\$ 1,529,305	\$ 648,877	\$ 250,347	
2013	1,449,925	1,449,168	377,636	226,662	
2014	1,420,377	1,359,676	388,865	217,833	
2015	1,563,727	1,267,324	395,252	207,395	
2016	1,794,784	1,162,333	406,799	196,799	
2017-2021	9,882,058	3,660,601	2,213,106	813,880	
2022-2026	4,400,000	407,438	2,240,874	481,327	
2027-2031	PM		1,507,270	170,237	
	\$ 21,830,237	\$ 10,835,845	\$ 8,178,679	\$ 2,564,480	

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities, net of unamortized costs, for the year ended April 30, 2011:

	Beginning Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Government Activities:					
Bond Payable:					
Tax Increment Revenue					
Bonds Series 2008	\$ 9,495,000	\$ -	\$ 495,000	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 360,000
Tax Increment Revenue					
Bonds Series 2009-C	3,395,000	ü	270,000	3,125,000	290,000
Tax Increment Revenue					
Bonds Series 2009-B	3,805,000	-		3,805,000	195,000
Tax Increment Revenue					
Bonds Series 2009-A	4,210,000	-	-	4,210,000	95,000
Less Unamortized Costs:	(510.050)				
Bond Discount	(519,862)	-	46,969	(472,893)	-
Issuance Costs	(414,184)	-	37,120	(377,064)	·
Total Bond Payable	19,970,954	-	849,089	19,290,043	940,000
Notes Payable:					
Ford Motor Credit	36,130	134,635	83,647	87,118	42,290
IL Dept of Transportation	416,213	-	36,306	379,907	37,396
Caterpillar Financial	143,060	-	45,210	97,850	47,644
Bank of Edwardsville	MN.	20,570	-	20,570	4,737
Marquette Bank	178,040	-	56,479	121,561	59,300
First Midwest Bank	-	153,097	30,250	122,847	28,653
Madison County	-	750,000	73,060	676,940	99,996
Madison County	241,064	н	57,621	183,443	59,350
Total Long-Term Liabilities	20,985,461	1,058,302	1,231,662	20,980,279	1,319,366
Other Liabilities:					
Net Pension Obligation	10,638,310	3,150,677	-	13,788,987	_
Compensated Absences	2,852,262	1,108,699	931,845	3,029,116	637,794
Total Other Liabilities	13,490,572	4,259,376	931,845	16,818,103	637,794
Governmental Activities					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 34,476,033	\$ 5,317,678	\$ 2,163,507	\$ 37,798,382	\$ 1,957,160

NOTE 13. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
Bond Payable:					
Revenue Bonds					
Series 2010	\$ -	\$ 3,485,000	\$ -	\$ 3,485,000	\$ 130,000
Less Unamortized Costs:					
Bond Premium	-	14,638	(366)	14,272	**
Issurance Costs		(163,337)	4,083	(159,254)	-
Total Bond Payable	-	3,336,301	3,717	3,340,018	130,000
Notes Payable:					
IL EPA (1)	\$ 487,555	\$ -	\$ 239,255	\$ 248,300	\$ 248,300
IL EPA (2)	3,209,717	••	181,003	3,028,714	185,556
IL EPA (3)	1,030,264	357,382	**	1,387,646	56,002
Kansas State Bank	56,279		27,260	29,019	29,019
Total Long-Term Liabilities	4,783,815	3,693,683	451,235	8,033,697	648,877
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	280,805	166,699	155,071	292,433	99,815
Business-Type Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 5,064,620	\$ 3,860,382	\$ 606,306	\$ 8,326,130	\$ 748,692

NOTE 14. DEFICIT NET ASSETS

The City has deficit net assets in the following nonmajor funds: Cinema Fund and the Capital Projects Fund as of April 30, 2011 of \$94,501 and \$20,954, respectively.

NOTE 15. LEASE REVENUE

The City of Granite City leases certain properties to area businesses. These leases are non-cancelable operating leases. A summary of the leases is as follows:

Location	Ourrent lal Payment	Expiration (Including Extensions)
2679 Missouri Ave	\$ 12,000	November 2028
Iowa & 24th Street	3,900	September 2013
2001 Madison Avenue	226,600	January 2060
Signage	1,600	June 2011

NOTE 15. LEASE REVENUE (Continued)

Minimum rentals on non-cancelable leases for the next five years are as follows:

Year	A mount
2012	\$ 242,500
2013	242,500
2014	240,550
2015	238,600
2016	238,600
2017 - 2021	1,193,000
2022 - 2026	1,193,000
2027 ~ 2031	1,163,000
2032 - 2036	1,133,000
2037 - 2041	1,133,000
2042 - 2046	1,133,000
2047 - 2051	1,133,000
2052 - 2056	1,133,000
2057 - 2059	849,750
Total	\$ 11,266,500

NOTE 16. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City provides certain healthcare insurance benefits for retired and disabled employees who meet the eligibility requirements as described in the personnel policy, the premiums are paid entirely by the retired and/or disabled employee. The City has not calculated or recorded the other post employment benefit (OPEB) liability, but believes it to be immaterial to the financial statements. The City continues to expense the other post employment benefit expenses as they are incurred.

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated subsequent events through November 23, 2011, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

Receipts: Taxes		Rudgeted	1 Amounts	Actual	Variance Over
Receipts:		-			
Taxes \$ 18,399,868 \$ 18,399,868 \$ 18,238,458 \$ (161,410) Charges for Services 2,722,850 1,725,824 1,011,724 Charges for Services 2,722,850 2,922,850 1,840,216 (882,634) Licenses and Permits 599,900 599,900 660,447 60,547 Fines and Forfeits 159,500 159,500 372,939 213,439 Investment Earnings 150,000 150,000 372,939 213,439 Investment Earnings 150,000 150,000 372,939 213,439 Mayor 699,176 699,176 723,041 23,865 Alderman 121,595 121,595 112,130 9,465 Clerk 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 2,338,678 2,391,306 241,658 10,643 Piolic 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,	n				
Intergovernmental Revenue (Grants) 714,100 714,100 1,725,824 1,011,724 Charges for Services 2,722,850 2,722,850 1,840,216 (882,634) Licenses and Permits 599,900 599,900 60,447 60,547 Fines and Forfeits 159,500 159,500 372,939 213,439 Investment Earnings 150,000 150,000 73,074 (76,926) Miscellaneous 222,350 224,350 231,75,504 206,936 Disbursements Mayor 699,176 699,176 723,041 (23,865) Alderman 121,595 112,130 9,465 Clek 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Tressurer 294,625 294,625 295,812 (11,87) Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 2,338,678 2,348,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire <		Ø 10200.000	# 10 300 0Z0	B 10 70 470	0 (1/1 410)
Charges for Services 2,722,850 2,722,850 1,840,216 (882,634) Licenses and Permits 599,900 599,900 600,447 60,547 Fines and Forfeits 159,500 159,500 372,939 213,439 Investment Earnings 150,000 150,000 73,074 (76,925) Miscellaneous 222,350 222,350 222,355 221,355,04 206,936 Disbursements Mayor 699,176 699,176 723,041 (23,865) Alderman 121,595 121,595 112,130 9,465 Clerk 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Treasurer 294,625 294,625 295,812 (11,87) Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,302,235 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 288,610 </td <td></td> <td>' '</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> , ,</td>		' '			, ,
Licenses and Permits 599,900 599,900 660,447 60,547 Fines and Forfeits 159,500 159,500 372,393 213,439 Investment Earnings 150,000 150,500 73,074 (76,926) Miscellaneous 222,350 222,350 264,546 42,196 Total Receipts 22,968,568 22,968,568 23,175,504 206,936 Disbursements					
Fines and Forfeits 159,500 159,500 372,939 213,439 Investment Earnings 150,000 150,000 73,074 (76,926) Miscellaneous 222,355 222,250 204,546 42,196 Total Receipts 222,68,688 22,968,568 23,175,504 206,936 Disbursements Mayor 699,176 699,176 723,041 (23,865) Alderman 121,595 121,595 112,130 9,465 Clerk 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Treasurer 294,625 294,625 295,812 (11,187) Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 2,338,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 148,397 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 43,703 <	<u>•</u>	·			
Investment Earnings					
Miscellaneous 222,356 222,368 222,368 23,175,504 20,936 Disbursements Mayor 699,176 699,176 723,041 (23,865) Alderman 121,595 121,595 112,130 9,465 Clerk 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 252,301 254,625 295,812 (11,87) Informational Technology 253,8678 2,338,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,2256 136,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075 5,075					
Total Receipts 22,968,568 22,968,568 23,175,504 206,936 Disbursements	•				•
Disbursements Mayor 699,176 699,176 723,041 (23,865) Alderman 121,595 121,595 112,130 9,465 Clerk 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Treasurer 294,625 294,625 295,812 (1,187) Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 2,338,678 2,331,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements					
Mayor 699,176 699,176 723,041 (23,865) Alderman 121,595 121,595 112,130 9,465 Clerk 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Treasurer 294,625 294,625 295,812 (1,187) Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 2,338,678 2,338,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,891,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 843,003 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Other Financing Sources (Uses): (199,510) (199,510)	Total Receipts	22,968,368	22,968,568	23,175,504	206,936
Alderman 121,595 121,595 112,130 9,465 Clerk 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Treasurer 294,625 294,625 295,812 (1,187) Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 2,338,678 2,338,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements 23,168,078 23,168,078 23,000,262 167,816 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Cherr Financing Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses (199,510) \$ (199,510) 18,419 \$ 217,929 Change in Interest Receivable Change in Interest Receivable Accrual Basis 88,844 Change in Prepaid Insurance 53,058 Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis 618,018 As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	Disbursements				
Alderman	Mayor	699,176	699,176	723,041	(23,865)
Clerk 285,698 285,698 265,717 19,981 Treasurer 294,625 294,625 295,812 (1,187) Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 2,338,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 18,419 \$ 217,929 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) <td< td=""><td>Alderman</td><td>121,595</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Alderman	121,595			
Treasurer 294,625 294,625 294,625 295,812 (1,187) Informational Technology 252,301 252,301 241,658 10,643 Financial 2,338,678 2,338,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) (199,510) (199,510) 18,419	Clerk	285,698	285,698	-	
Informational Technology	Treasurer	294,625		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Financial 2,338,678 2,338,678 2,491,306 (152,628) Police 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) - - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) 18,419 \$ 217,929 Change in Interest Receivable 2,761 2,761 2,761	Informational Technology				
Police 7,695,201 7,695,201 7,646,602 48,599 Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) - - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses): Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis 88,844 Change in Interest Receivable <	Financial			·	
Fire 6,502,535 6,502,535 6,487,698 14,837 Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) - - (156,823) (156,823) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) 1156,823 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) 127,929 Change in In	Police	7,695,201			
Public Works 3,898,510 3,898,510 3,617,700 280,810 Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) - - (156,823) (156,823) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses): - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses): \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510	Fire	6,502,535	, ,		
Building & Zoning 843,903 843,903 889,260 (45,357) Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) - - (156,823) (156,823) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) \$ 18,419 \$ 217,929 Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis 88,844 Change in Prepaid Insurance 53,058 53,058 Change	Public Works				
Safety and Risk 136,256 136,256 134,017 2,239 Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements 23,168,078 23,168,078 23,000,262 167,816 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): ————————————————————————————————————	Building & Zoning				
Civil Defense 45,775 45,775 36,270 9,505 Summer Help 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements 23,168,078 23,168,078 23,000,262 167,816 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) (156,823) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) 18,419 \$ 217,929 Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis 88,844 Change in Prepaid Insurance 53,058 Change in Interest Receivable 2,761 2,761 2,761 Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) (830,292) Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis 618,018	Safety and Risk				
Summer Help Total Disbursements 53,825 53,825 59,051 (5,226) Total Disbursements 23,168,078 23,168,078 23,000,262 167,816 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) - - (156,823) (156,823) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) 18,419 \$ 217,929 Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis 88,844 Change in Prepaid Insurance 53,058 88,844 Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) (830,292) Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) (830,292) Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis 618,018 As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	Civil Defense				
Total Disbursements 23,168,078 23,168,078 23,000,262 167,816 Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) - - (156,823) (156,823) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) 18,419 \$ 217,929 Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis 88,844 Change in Prepaid Insurance 53,058 48,058 Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) (830,292) (830,292) Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis 618,018 618,018	Summer Help				
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements (199,510) (199,510) 175,242 374,752 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) (156,823) (156,823) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,823) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses \$ (199,510) \$ (199,510) 18,419 \$ 217,929 Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis Change in Prepaid Insurance 53,058 Change in Interest Receivable 2,761 Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis 618,018 As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	Total Disbursements				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis Change in Prepaid Insurance Change in Interest Receivable Change in Accrued Employee Obligations Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	77 77 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15				
Operating Transfers In (Out) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis Change in Interest Receivable Change in Interest Receivable Change in Accrued Employee Obligations Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	Excess (Deficit) of Receipts over Disbursements	(199,510)	(199,510)	175,242	374,752
Operating Transfers In (Out) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis Change in Interest Receivable Change in Interest Receivable Change in Accrued Employee Obligations Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses (156,823) Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses (156,823) 18,419 \$ 217,929 Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis Change in Prepaid Insurance Change in Prepaid Insurance Change in Interest Receivable Change in Accrued Employee Obligations Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures		_	w	(156.823)	(156.823)
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other Financing Uses Change in Intergovernmental Revenue on Modified Accrual Basis Change in Prepaid Insurance Change in Interest Receivable Change in Accrued Employee Obligations Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures		-			
Change in Prepaid Insurance 53,058 Change in Interest Receivable 2,761 Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis 618,018 As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other	\$ (199,510)	\$ (199,510)		
Change in Prepaid Insurance 53,058 Change in Interest Receivable 2,761 Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis 618,018 As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	Change in Interes of 1 n	NA. 200 14 120	•		
Change in Interest Receivable 2,761 Change in Accrued Employee Obligations (830,292) Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis 618,018 As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures		Modified Accrual E	Basis	,	
Change in Accrued Employee Obligations Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures (830,292) 618,018	•				
Change in Accounts Payable on Modified Accrual Basis As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	· ·				
As Reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures					
A	Change in Accounts Payable on Modified	618,018			
A	As Reported on the Statement of Revenue	s, Expenditures			
	and Changes in Fund Balance			\$ (49,192)	

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS) MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

	Budgeter Original	d Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Over <u>(Under)</u>
Receipts:				
Intergovernmental:				
Motor Fuel Tax	\$ 808,000	\$ 808,000	\$ 931,083	\$ 123,083
Grants	5,000,000	5,000,000	2,522,966	(2,477,034)
Investment Earnings	20,200	20,200		(20,200)
Total Receipts	5,828,200	5,828,200	3,454,049	\$ (2,374,151)
Disbursements				
Maintenance	26,000	26,000	367,664	(341,664)
Street Overlay Program	165,000	165,000	171,909	(6,909)
Engineering	· -	, -	38,686	(38,686)
Other Capital Projects	WH	-	798,667	(798,667)
Pontoon Overpass	500,000	500,000	5,323,407	(4,823,407)
Total Disbursements	691,000	691,000	6,700,333	(6,009,333)
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts Over Disbursements	\$ 5,137,200	\$ 5,137,200	(3,246,284)	\$ (8,383,484)
Change in Motor Fuel Tax Receivable on M	Modified Accrual	Basis	(3,294)	
Change in Grant Receivable on Modified A	ccrual Basis		(768,544)	
Change in Interest Receivable			(3,867)	
Change in Accounts Payable on Modified A	Accrual Basis		1,357,402	
As Reported on the Statement of Revenues and Changes in Fund Balance	, Expenditures		\$ (2,664,587)	

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (BUDGETARY BASIS)

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Over <u>(Under)</u>
Receipts:				
Real Estate Taxes - Downtown	\$ 1,186,000	\$ 1,186,000	\$ 1,180,386	\$ (5,614)
Real Estate Taxes - GCS	925,000	925,000	978,734	53,734
Real Estate Taxes - AS	126,506	126,506	129,984	3,478
Real Estate Taxes - Rt 3	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,153,574	3,574
Real Estate Taxes - Nameoki	_	-	213,968	213,968
Real Estate Taxes - Port	94,500	94,500	94,057	(443)
Real Estate Taxes - Rt 203	43,000	43,000	280,645	237,645
Sales Taxes	111,645	111,645	106,643	(5,002)
Rent	226,600	226,600	226,600	м,
Grant	750,000	750,000		(750,000)
Investment Earnings	92,000	92,000	43,093	(48,907)
Other	58,300	58,300	68,393	10,093
Total Receipts	4,763,551	4,763,551	4,476,077	(287,474)
Disbursements				
Downtown TIF	2,860,000	2,860,000	4,640,212	(1,780,212)
Granite City Steel TIF	925,000	925,000	734,029	190,971
American Steel TIF	250,000	250,000	129,980	120,020
Route 3 TIF	250,000	250,000	1,538,744	(1,538,744)
Nameoki Village TIF	114,500	114,500	236,821	(1,338,744) $(122,321)$
Port District TIF	94,000	94,000	5,254	88,746
Route 203 TIF	4,500,000	4,500,000	973,018	3,526,982
Total Disbursements	8,743,500	8,743,500	8,258,058	485,442
		3,7 13,500	0,200,000	705,442
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts Over Disbursements	(3,979,949)	(3,979,949)	(3,781,981)	197,968
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds From Borrowings	<u></u>	_	750,000	(750,000)
Operating Transfers From (To) other Funds	-	-	(138,183)	(138,183)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		611,817	(888,183)
Excess (Deficit) of Receipts and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Disbursements and Other				
Financing Uses	\$ (3,979,949)	\$ (3,979,949)	(3,170,164)	\$ (690,215)
Change in Revenue on Modified Accrual F			30,388	
Change in Accounts Payable on Modified A Change in Interest Receivable	Accrual Basis		1,067,792 18,426	
As Reported on the Statement of Revenues	, Expenditures			
and Changes in Fund Balance			\$ (2,053,558)	

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES APRIL 30, 2011

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental funds in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions.

LINE ITEM EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET

During the year ended April 30, 2011, the City's expenditures exceeded budgetary guidelines in several departmental and line item categories as indicated on the required supplementary schedules at pages 43 to 45

<u>CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS</u> <u>EMPLOYER NUMBER - 03353R</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FIRE AND POLICE PENSION FUNDING PROGRESS

APRIL 30, 2011

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	uarial Accrued Liability (AAL) -Entry Age (b) Pol	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	<u>.</u>	Covered Payroll (c.)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
04/30/10 04/30/09 04/30/08 04/30/07 04/30/06 04/30/05	\$ 14,021,247 12,632,001 15,670,001 16,827,903 16,331,354 15,285,262	\$ 43,257,835 40,991,744 39,273,366 37,715,990 36,536,908 34,708,648	\$ 29,236,588 28,359,743 23,603,365 20,888,087 20,205,554 19,423,386	32.41% 30.82% 39.90% 44.62% 44.70% 44.04%	\$	3,721,923 3,470,340 3,328,974 2,961,777 2,741,223 2,699,133	785.52% 817.20% 709.03% 0.00% 0.00%
		Fir	re Pension				
04/30/10 04/30/09 04/30/08 04/30/07 04/30/06 04/30/05	\$ 16,636,316 15,346,426 18,735,007 19,072,129 18,545,115 17,220,222	\$ 45,691,321 45,449,959 43,281,975 39,539,794 37,325,323 35,220,804	\$ 29,055,005 30,103,533 24,546,968 20,467,665 18,780,208 18,000,582	36.41% 33.77% 43.29% 48.24% 49.69% 48.89%		3,804,240 3,597,302 3,493,965 3,126,964 2,924,371 2,733,551	763.75% 836.84% 702.55% 654.55% 642.20% 658.51%

<u>CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS</u> <u>EMPLOYER NUMBER - 03353R</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT

FUNDING PROGRESS APRIL 30, 2011

Actuarial Valuation Date	7	ctuarial /alue of <u>Assets</u> (a)	 arial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	3	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c.)	Per of	AAL as a reentage Covered Payroll (b-a)/c)
12/31/10 12/31/09 12/31/08		13,704,390 13,751,316 13,407,584	\$ 17,917,444 17,442,056 16,190,503	\$	4,213,054 3,690,740 2,782,919	76.49% 78.84% 82.81%	\$ 5,876,269 5,878,221 5,870,847		71.70% 62.79% 47.40%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2010 is \$14,797,777. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 82.59%.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2011

		Spec	Special Revenue Funds	e Funds						Total
	<u>Drug</u> Traffic	Community	nity	Cinema			Capital		z g	Non-Major Governmental
ASSETS	Prevention	Development	ment	Fund	Total	I A	Projects	Debt Service		Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	\$ 431,870	∻		54,756	\$ 486,626	∳	1,655	· ·	84	488,281
Investments	230,000		,	1	230,000		3,504			233,504
Kecetvables: Intergovernmental	1	'n	37,955	1	37,955		•	1		37,955
Other	F			1	1		32	ŀ		32
Due From Other Funds	. !			9	i	- Individual of the second	10,484	1		10,484
i otal Assets	\$ 661,870	\$ 3.	37,955 \$	54,756	\$ 754,581	S	23,333	\$	S	777,914
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	33,912		1 1	45,708	79,620		r			79,620
Due to Outer Funds Total Liabilities	518,667	3	37,955	103,549	401,319		44,287	1		445,606
	170,141			147,477	400,737		107,44	-		977,575
Fund Balances: Unreserved	368,143			(94.501)	273 642		(20 954)	•		242 688
Total Fund Balances	368,143			(94,501)	273,642		(20,954)	,		252,688
Total Liabilities and Eund Relances	028 177 3				6 6	€	6 6 6	€	•	2
10tal Liaulituss and Fund Datances	0/0,100 €	3	\$ 656,75	54,756	\$ 754,581	A	23,333		€~	777,914

CITY OF GRAFTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 39, 2011

		Special Revenue Funds	nue Funds				[Total
	Drug		į		,		Non	Nonmajor
	Lraine	Community	Cinema		Capital		Gover	Governmental
Revenues:	Prevention	<u>Development</u>	Fund	Total	Projects	Debt Service	F	Funds
Intergovernmental	\$ 339,499	\$ 524,316	<i>\$</i>	\$ 863,815	₽	€9	69	863.815
Charges for Services	1	1	388,413	388,413	ŧ	ı		388,413
Fines and Forfeitures	24,212	1	ı	24,212	1	•		24.212
Investment Earnings	404	į	1	404	323	1		727
Miscellaneous	4,200	F	Í	4,200	•	•		4,200
Total Revenues	368,315	524,316	388,413	1,281,044	323	3		1,281,367
6 Expenditures:								
General Government	ī	ŧ	482,914	482,914	ſ	•		482.914
Public Safety	93,654	1		93,654	1	,		93,654
Public Works	1	459,463	1	459,463	1			459,463
Debt Service	1	F	ŧ	1	ì	441,735		441,735
Total Expenditures	93,654	459,463	482,914	1,036,031	-	441,735	1	1,477,766
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	274,661	64,853	(94,501)	245,013	323	(441,735)		(196,399)
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfers From (To) Other Funds	(81,876)	(64.853)	1	(146 729)	,	735		905 006
Total other Financing Sources	(81,876)	(64,853)	3	(146,729)	in	441,735		295,006
Net Change in Fund Balance	192,785	t	(94,501)	98,284	323	i		709,86
Fund Balance - Beginning	175,358		THE STATE OF THE S	175,358	(21,277)	VAA.		154,081
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 368,143		\$ (94,501)	\$ 273,642	\$ (20,954)	\$	s _A	252,688

CITY OF GRAFTON, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

Business Type Activities
Entarreigo Eurado

	Enterp	rise Funds	
	Waterwater	<u>Sewer</u>	Total
	<u>Treatment</u>	System	Enterprise
	<u>Plant</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,453,933	\$ 3,549,658	\$ 6,003,591
Total Revenues	2,453,933	3,549,658	6,003,591
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	2,738,548	-	2,738,548
Industrial Pretreatment	-	90,274	90,274
Billings and Collection	1,280	108,377	109,657
Sewer Collection	M	623,594	623,594
Solids Handling	695,261	No.	695,261
BOD Treatment	310,314	-	310,314
Primary Treatment	39,224	-	39,224
General and Administrative	201,330	-	201,330
Dry Weather Pumping	266,959	-	266,959
Wet Weather Pumping	179,571	-	179,571
Other	119,174	-	119,174
Depreciation	648,521	153,648	802,169
Total Operating Expenses	5,200,182	975,893	6,176,075
Operating Income	(2,746,249)	2,573,765	(172,484)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment Earnings	49,715	13,365	63,080
Grant Income	-	-	
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges	(161,223)	(41,588)	(202,811)
Operating Transfers From (To) Other Funds	255,295	(255,295)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	143,787	(283,518)	(139,731)
Change in Net Assets	(2,347,167)	2,290,247	(312,215)
Net Assets - Beginning	10,825,222	6,586,570	17,411,792
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 8,478,055	\$ 8,876,817	\$ 17,099,577

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS APRIL 30, 2011

		Pension T	Trust F	unds		
		<u>Police</u>		<u>Firemen</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,029,813	\$	1,261,948	\$	2,291,761
Investments and Certificates of Deposits		13,962,463		15,499,449		29,461,912
Receivables:						
Property Taxes		309,088		518,279		827,367
Accrued Interest		71,539		51,226		122,765
Total Assets	-	15,372,903		17,330,902		32,703,805
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities		_		_		-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-
NET ASSETS						
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits						
and Other Purposes	\$	15,372,903	\$	17,330,902	\$	32,703,805

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

	Pension	Trust Funds	
	Police	Firemen	<u>Total</u>
Additions			
Contributions:			
Employee Contributions	\$ 327,222	\$ 355,328	\$ 682,550
Employer Contributions:			•
Property Taxes	306,649	514,195	820,844
Replacement Taxes	621,032	511,497	1,132,529
Total Contributions	1,254,903	1,381,020	2,635,923
Investment Income:			
Interest and Dividends	335,301	248,349	583,650
Net Realized/Unrealized Gain(Loss) on Investments	1,216,395	1,491,713	2,708,108
	1,551,696	1,740,062	3,291,758
Less: Investment Expense	(46,408)	(78,838)	(125,246)
Net Investment Income	1,505,288	1,661,224	3,166,512
Total Additions	2,760,191	3,042,244	5,802,435
Deductions:			
Benefit Payments	2,050,976	2,458,777	4,509,753
Contractual Services	30,865	26,223	57,088
Total Deductions	2,081,841	2,485,000	4,566,841
Change in Net Assets	678,350	557,244	1,235,594
Net Assets - Beginning	14,694,553	16,773,658	31,468,211
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 15,372,903	\$ 17,330,902	\$ 32,703,805

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS APRIL 30, 2011

	Total	\$ 142,213		5.760,097	301,069	8 411 223	361 574	295.743	19,990	2,760	2,667,631	1,415,666	20,035,862			383 439	2 208 865	2 760	î	169.174	8,411,223	11,175,461			3,045,078	295,743	2,715,019	2 804 561	8,860,401	\$20,035,862
TIF Debt	Service	€-		3,045,078	•	•	,	ı	1	•	,	r	3,045,078	тавиталимимими,		ı	ı	. 1			1				3,045,078		1	ı	3,045,078	\$ 3,045,078
	Total	\$ 142.213	657,946	2,715,019	301,069	8 411 223	361.524	295.743	19,990	2,760	2,667,631	1.415,666	16,990,784			383 439	2 208 865	2.760	Î	169,174	8,411,223	11,175,461			ı	295,743	2,715,019	2 804 561	5,815,323	\$16,990,784
	District #7	·	1	2,464,475	1	4 524 765	333.481		3,588	•	1	,	7,326,309			264 123	525 888			ı	4,524,765	5,314,776			,	•	2,464,475	(457 942)	2,011,533	7,326,309
III	District #6	\$ 16,790	77,680	;	35,546	25 692	 	ı	325	,	1	ı	156,033			435	*			,	25,692	26,127			ı	t	ı	129.906	129,906	156,033
Ш	District #5	\$ 11,714	54,193	1	24,798	219.386	28,043		228	2,760	•	•	341,122			8.803	, ,	2.760	•	,	219,386	230,949			ř	•	ı	110.173	110,173	\$ 341,122
i.	District #4	\$ 65,904	304,907	109,029	139,522	1.384.839		Ī	7,506	1	•	76,887	2,088,594			48.975	12,480	1		ı	1,384,839	1,446,294			•	•	109,029	533,271	642,300	\$ 2,088,594
TIF	District #3	\$ 31,650	146,412	1	966'99	893,779	F	ı	1	·	\$	1	1,138,837			t	,	ı		ı	893,779	893,779			•	•	ř	245,058	245,058	\$ 1,138,837
	District #2	\$ 16,155	74,754	1	34,207	133,276	,	•	ı	•	•	•	258,392			•	1	•		,	133,276	133,276			•	1	•	125,116	125,116	\$ 258,392
<u> </u>	District #1	∀	•	141,515	F	1,229,486	•	295,743	8,343	•	2,667,631	1,338,779	5,681,497			61,103	1,670,497	*		169,174	1,229,486	3,130,260			ř	295,743	141,515	2,113,979	2,551,237	\$ 5,681,497
	Assets	Cash	Certificates of Deposit	Restricted Investments	Investments Receivables:	Property Taxes	Intergovernmental Receivable	Development Loans	Accrued Interest	Due from Other Funds	Rental Real Estate Investment	General Real Estate Investment	Total Assets	Liabilities and Fund Balance	Liabilities:	Accounts Payable	Due to Other Funds	Due to Other Governments	Deferred Revenues:	Gain on Sale of Property	Property Taxes	l'otal Liabilities	Fund Balance:	Keserved:	Reserved for Debt Service	Reserved for Development Loans	Reserved for Redevelopment Unreserved:	Designated for Redevelopment	Total Fund Balance	Total Liabilities and Fund Balance

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

Total	. \$ 4,031,348 - 137,031 - 61,519 - 294,993 - 4,524,891	2,079,412	9 1,524,009 0 765,000	2,821,845 9 7,190,266	9) (2,665,375)	- 750,000	3 (138,183)	3 611,817	6) (2,053,558)	4 10,913,959	8 \$ 8,860,401
TIF Debt <u>Service</u>	69	,	1,524,009	2,289,009	(2,289,009)	·	2,260,753	2,260,753	(28,256)	3,073,334	\$ 3,045,078
Total	\$ 4,031,348 137,031 61,519 294,993 4,524,891	2,079,412	* 1 1	2,821,845	(376,366)	750,000	(2,398,936)	(1,648,936)	(2,025,302)	7,840,625	\$ 5,815,323
TIE District #7	\$ 280,645 32,161 19,801 - 332,607	1	, , ,	863,511	(530,904)	,	(51,738)	(51,738)	(582,642)	2,594,175	\$ 2,011,533
TIF District#6	\$ 94,057 2,807 96,864	1 4	, , ,	5,689	91,175	1 1	3	-	91,175	38,731	\$129,906
TIF District #5	\$ 213,968 104,870 2,876 - 321,714	245,625	, , ,	245,625	76,089		1	The state of the s	76,089	34,084	\$ 110,173
TIF District #4	\$ 1,153,574 - 36,035 2,662 1,192,271	244,882	1 ; ;	3,788	943,601	(F	(840,054)	(840,054)	103,547	538,753	\$ 642,300
TIF District #3	\$ 978,734	734,029	1 (7	734,029	244,705	i i	E	*	244,705	353	\$ 245,058
TIF District #2	\$ 129,984	129,980	(: 1	129,980	4	1 1	**	-	4	125,112	\$ 125,116
TIF District #1	\$ 1,180,386	724,896	l s s	1,948,857	(1,201,036)	750,000	(1,507,144)	(757,144)	(1,958,180)	4,509,417	\$ 2,551,237
	Neverages. Property Taxes Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total Revenues	Expenditures: General Government Public Works	Debt Service - Interest Debt Service - Principal Bond Issuance Costs	Bond Administration Costs Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds From Borrowings Bond Discount	Operating Transfers From (To) other Funds	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Net Change in Fund Balance	Fund Balance - Beginning	Fund Balance - Ending

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ACT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Granite City, Illinois

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Granite City, Illinois for the year ended April 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2011. The financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Granite City, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The management of the City of Granite City, Illinois is responsible for the government's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with our audit, referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the government's compliance with State of Illinois Public Act 85-1142, "An Act in Relation to Tax Increment Financing".

The results of our tests indicate that for the items tested, the City of Granite City, Illinois, complied with Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of Public Act 85-1142. Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that, for the items not tested, the City of Granite City, Illinois was not in compliance with Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of Public Act 85-1142.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the organization, the City Council and the Illinois Department of Revenue and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hughes & Associates, CPA, P.C.

Hughes + associatio, CPA, P.C.

November 23, 2011

Hughes & Associates

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Granite City, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Granite City, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City of Granite City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Granite City, Illinois' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City of Granite City, Illinois in a separate letter dated November 23, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Village Council, the Mayor, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hughes & Associates, CPA, P.C.

Hughes + associatio, CPA, P.C.

Godfrey, Illinois November 23, 2011

Hughes & Associates

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council of the City of Granite City, Illinois

Compliance

We have audited the City of Granite City, Illinois' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Granite City's major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2011. The City of Granite City, Illinois' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Granite City, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Granite City, Illinois' compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those Standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Granite City, Illinois' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Granite City, Illinois' compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Granite City, Illinois, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended April 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Granite City, Illinois, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Granite City, Illinois' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we would consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the City Council, the Mayor, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hughes & Associates, CPA, P.C.
Hughes & Associates, CPA, P.C.

Godfrey, Illinois November 23, 2011

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CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

Federal Grantor and Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agreement Number	Pass-Through Grantor Number	<u>Federal</u> Expenditures
Department of Justice				
Direct Programs: Equitable Sharing of Federally Forfeited Property Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grant	16.XXX	N/A		\$ 119,689
ARRA - COPS Hiring Recovery Program Grant Total Department of Justice Direct Programs	16.710	2009RKWX0333		217,486 337,175
Department of Homeland Security				
Direct Programs:				
Assistance to Firefighters Grant (SAFER)	97.044	EMW-2006-FF-04605		27,945
Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program	97.044	EMW-2008-FO-04034		80,490
Total Direct Programs				108,435
Pass-through Program From Illinois Emergency Management Agency				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	N/A	1771-119-03926-00	167,238
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	N/A		13,256
Total Pass-through Programs				180,494
Total Department of Homeland Security				288,929
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 626,104

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2011

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Granite City, Illinois and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Noncash Assistance, Federal Insurance and Loans/Loan Guarantees

The City did not receive any noncash assistance, federal guaranteed loans or federal insurance for any of its programs for the year ended April 30, 2011.

NOTE 2. INSURANCE

The City of Granite City had no insurance specifically required by federal awards.

NOTE 3. SUBRECIPIENTS

The City did not pass through any federal funds to subrecipients during the year ended April 30, 2011.

CITY OF GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS APRIL 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- a. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the City.
- b. No material weaknesses were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements of the City.
- c. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements of the City were reported,
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statement of the City were disclosed during the audit.
- e. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the financial statements of the City.
- f. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- g. The audit did not disclose any audit findings that are required to be reported under Section ,510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- h. The City's program tested as a major program is the Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants - CFDA #16.710 and the Equitable Sharing of Federally Forfeited Property - CFDA #16.XXX.
- i. The threshold for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- j. The City does qualify as a low-risk auditee under Section .530 of OMB Circular A-133.

2. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

The City has no findings to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

The City has no findings or questioned costs for Federal award programs that are required to be reported.